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THIRD CONFERENCE
ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

SECOND COMMITTEE

El Salvador: working paper on the high seas

#### Article 1

The term "high seas" means all parts of the sea that are not included in the internal waters, the territorial sea or the exclusive economic zone of a State.

## Article 2

The high seas being open to all nations, no State may validly purport to subject any part of them to its sovereignty. Freedom of the high seas is exercised under the conditions laid down by these articles and by the other rules of international law. It comprises for both coastal and non-coastal States:

- (1) Freedom of navigation;
- (2) Freedom of fishing;
- (3) Freedom to lay submarine cables and pipelines;
- (4) Freedom of overflight;
- (5) Freedom of scientific research;
- (6) Freedom of ...
- (7) ...

# Article ...

The hot pursuit of a foreign ship may be undertaken when the competent authorities of the coastal Star have good reason to believe that the ship has violated the laws and regulations of that State. Such pursuit must be commenced when the foreign ship or one of its boats is within the internal waters or the territorial sea or the economic zone of the pursuing State, and may only be continued outside the territorial sea or the economic zone if the pursuit has not been interrupted.

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The right of hot pursuit ceases as soon as the ship pursued enters the territorial sea or the economic zone of its own country or the territorial sea or the economic zone of a third State.

## Article ...

All States have the right for their nationals to engage in fishing on the high seas.

All States have the duty to co-ordinate their activities with regard to the high seas in order to ensure the conservation of the living resources and equitable participation in the utilization of such resources, the organization of research studies and systems, the regulation of fishing and the use of devices suited to the maintenance of the optimum sustainable yield of such resources.